General Specifications

Model SM21/ SR20/ SC21/ SM29/SC29/ SM60 Industrial Electrodes for pH/Redox

The heart of a pH measuring loop is the electrode system. Yokogawa has designed a wide range of electrodes to ensure this heart keeps beating under the most severe conditions.

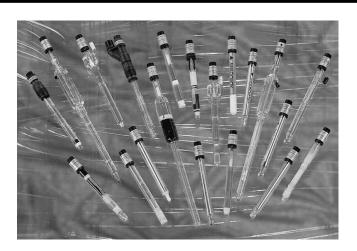
The dimensions and design meet the requirements of DIN 19263 (excluding the refillable types). A high degree of standardisation makes it possible to mount any electrode in the standard program of fittings.

The combination electrode plug and cable socket is watertight and temperature is resistant up to 125°C. It meets the requirements of IP65.

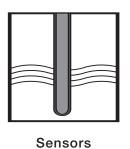
Colour coded strips on electrode and cable and clear identification of sensor specifications make incorrect installation virtually impossible.

Features

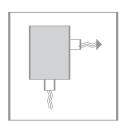
- Wide range of electrodes to suit almost all process conditions.
- The connector parts are gold plated to ensure a good electrical contact under the most severe conditions.
- A coaxial plug and socket with watertight sealing that meets the requirements of IP65.
- Colour coded strips for easy identification of electrodes and cobles.
- High degree of standardisation for mounting in various flow-, insertion- and immersion fittings.

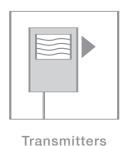


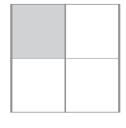
System configuration



Cables







Fittings

Accessories



General

The principle of pH measurement is quite simple. All one needs is a glass electrode constructed of pH sensitive glass and a reference (potential) that remains stable under all conditions. This directly shows the weak point in the measuring loop. As the reference needs an 'open' circuit to the process, a stable reference potential is sometimes hard to keep. Most reference electrodes have a porous diaphragm to realize this open connection to the process. Several materials are being used like ceramic, Zirconia, PTFE and wood. The porous diaphragm can get clogged or high diffusion potentials may build up. Poisoning of the reference is another cause for unstable reference potentials. A reference electrode can be poisoned by the penetration of the process liquid or by diffusion of components of the process medium through the diaphragm. The stable reference potential which is formed by a Ag/AgCl reference system in a KCl solution is shifted if either gets effected. E.g. silver chloride + sulfide will form the insoluble silver sulfide. These particles give deposits, which can block the diaphragm from inside the reference electrode. Likewise the chloride concentration can be altered and therefore the reference potential is altered. The latter can be corrected by re-calibration. Poisoning of the AgCl reference system is irreversible and the reference electrode needs to be replaced.

Maintenance

For accurate pH measurement, regular (even frequent) maintenance is required. This knowledge is decisive for the

selection of fittings and electrodes of the pH measuring loop. One 2 needs to keep in mind that the electrode(s) must remain accessible and exchangeable. Once the right fitting has been selected, the process of selecting the right electrode(s) must take place.

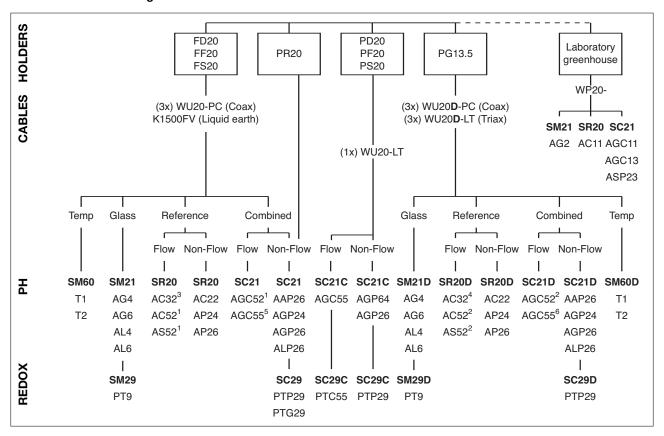
Glass electrode

The SM21-AG4 will suit the great majority of the pH application as this electrode is constructed in such a way that its sensitivity and strength are optimized. When sensitivity is required more than strength than the SM21-AG2 should be selected. For heavy industrial applications (including auto-cleaning) the dome shaped electrode is the best selection. 'L'-glass should be selected when the electrode is used at higher temperatures (>70°C) and/or in applications that need a glass type that is resistant to chemical attack.

Reference electrode

Reference electrodes come in flowing- and non-flowing types. Flowing types such as the SR20-AC52, AC32 with a ceramic diaphragm are used in processes that have low ionic strength such as (ultra) pure water. The SR20-AS52 is a flowing type electrode with a sleeve junction. Due to the high electrolyte flow rate, the sensor is suitable for UPW application as well as in highly polluting applications. The electrolyte flow towards the process tends to keep the junction clean from clogging and poisoning. For all other applications the SR20-AP24 is preferred. When the process cannot withstand KCI, the SR20-AP26 should be used.

Electrode Selection Diagram



Note	Electrode	Mounting	Reservoir	Electrolyte	Thickened electrolyte	
1	SR20-AC52 / SC21-AGC52	K1500BY	K1500FU	K1500GF	K1500GG	
2	SR20D-AC52 / SC21D-AGC52	included	K1500FU	K1500GF	K1500GG	
3	SR20-AC32	FP20-S13	-	K1500GF	K1500GG	
4	SR20D-AC32	FP20-S13D	-	K1500GF	K1500GG	
5	SC21C-AGC55	included	K1520YA	K1520VA	K1520VN	

3

Yokogawa has her own specific cap (Y-CAP). The process connection for this cap is M25 and can be mounted in all the fittings that are available in our program

Secondly we have the D-CAP, which has a PG13,5 process connection and is often used in the German market. The sensors with D-CAP fit into all our fittings when using the adapter K1500DV (PVDF) or adapter K1520JN (PVC). The SR20D-AC32 needs a mounting kit, when mounted into our fittings. One is specifically for the Y-cap FS20-S13 another for the D-CAP (FP20-S13D). The SR20-AS52 and AC52 also need a mounting kit to fit into a pH fitting regardless if it is a D- or Y-CAP (K1500BY). With the FD20, FF20, FS20 fittings this mounting kit can be ordered as an option (option /R)

The third available connector is the C-CAP. These sensors are suitable for mounting in our Compact fitting program (PD20, PF20 and PS20).

Single pH Glass Electrodes

The AG4 will suit the majority of pH measurement with separate electrodes. For heavy industrial applications (including automatic cleaning) the AG6 is a better selection due to its strength. "L"-type glass is selected when process conditions deteriorate. The thickness of the glass is specified by the suffix code.

2: 01. - 0.2 mm, 4: 0.3 - 0.4 mm, 6: > 1 mm

Features

- "All glass" construction.
- Dimensions and design meet the requirements of DIN 19263.
- Isothermal point of intersection: pH 7 (nominal value at 0 mV).
- Maximum pressure: 1000 kPa (10 bar).
- Metal foil screening.
- Bulb membrane for general purpose.
- Dome shaped membrance for "Heavy Duty" applications.

Additional characteristics for type SM21-AG2

- Use in light applications or laboratory environment where its sensitivity is more important than its strength.
- General (G) purpose glass membrane for a fast response.
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14 pH, 0 to 80°C.
- Glass resistance (25°C): 25 to 50 M Ω .
- Ag/AgCl wire reference system.

Additional characteristics for type SM21(D)-AG4

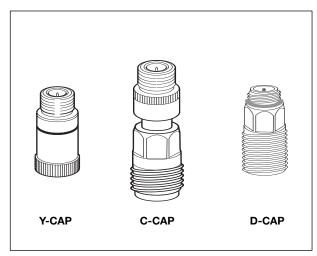
- Universal pH electrode suitable for the majority of pH applications.
- Shock proof general (G) purpose glass membrane
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14 pH, 0 to 100°C.
- Glass resistance (25°C): 50 to 100 M Ω .
- High quality Ag/AgCl pin reference system.

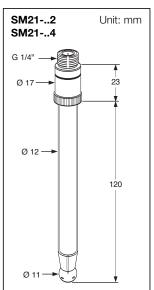
Additional characteristics for type SM21(D)-AG6

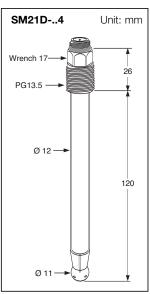
- Large area, dome shape membrane construction guaranties great strength, retaining the necessary sensitivity.
- For use in slurries and highly polluting fluids.
- Suitable for autocleaning applications.
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14 pH, 0 to 100°C.
- Glass resistance (25°C): 120 to 200 M Ω .
- High quality Ag/AgCl pin reference system

Additional characteristics for type SM21(D)-AL4

- L-Glass is chemical resistant and very suitable for high temperature applications (continuously > 70°C).
- Shock proof general (G) purpose glass membrane
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14 pH, 15 to 130°C.
- Glass resistance (25°C): 300 to 450 M Ω .
- High quality Ag/AgCl pin reference system.

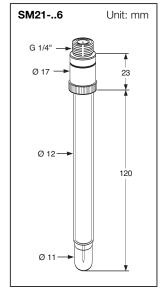


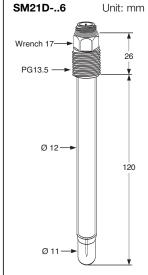




General (ball)

General (ball)





"Heavy Duty" (Dome)

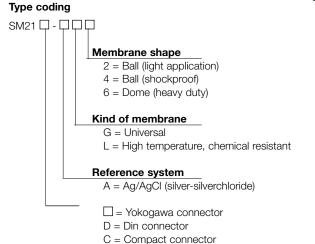
"Heavy Duty" (Dome)

Additional characteristics for type SM21(D)-AL6

- Dome shape membrane in combination with L-glass ensures mechanical strength and chemical resistance. Recommended in higher temperature applications (continuously > 70°C).
- Suitable in hot caustic applications.
- Suitable in processes with traces of HF.
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14 pH, 25 to 130°C.
- Glass resistance (25°C): 600 to 900 M Ω .
- High quality Ag/AgCl pin reference system.

Note:

The resistance may not exceed 1000 M Ω under measuring and calibrating conditions (according DIN the resistance of the glass may not exceed 1G Ω). As a general rule, the glass-resistance will increase by 100% with every temperature decrease of 10°C (likewise, the glass impedance will decrease bij 50% with every temperature increase of 10°C).



Specifications Single pH Glass Electrodes

Туре	Membrane	Resistance*	рН	Temperature	Reference system	Sodium error
	i		range	range		0,1 N[Na ⁺]/25°C
SM21-AG2	Universal pH-glass	25 - 50 MOhm	0 - 14	0 - 80°C	Ag/AgCl (wire)	< 0,17 pH at pH = 13
	bulb				Silver-silverchloride	
SM21(D)-AG4	Universal pH-glass	50 - 100 MOhm	0 - 14	0 - 100°C	Ag/AgCl (pin)	< 0,17 pH at pH = 13
	bulb (shockproof)				Silver-silverchloride	
SM21(D)-AG6	Universal pH-glass	120 - 200 MOhm	0 - 14	0 - 100°C	Ag/AgCl (pin)	< 0,17 pH at pH = 13
	bulb (heavy duty)				Silver-silverchloride	
SM21(D)-AL4	High temperature pH-glass	300 - 450 MOhm	0 - 14	15 - 130°C	Ag/AgCl (pin)	< 0,17 pH at pH = 13
	bulb (shockproof)				Silver-silverchloride	
SM21(D)-AL6	High temperature pH-glass	600 - 900 MOhm	0 - 14	25 - 130°C	Ag/AgCl (pin)	< 0,17 pH at pH = 13
	bulb (heavy duty)				Silver-silverchloride	

Single Reference Electrodes (non-flow)

A non-flow type reference electrode can be used for processes that don't contain components that poison the reference system. The gel-type electrodes have a large area of porous PTFE junction for optimal resistance against electrode pollution. The SR20-AP26 electrode is the optimal choice for processes that cannot stand contamination with KCI.

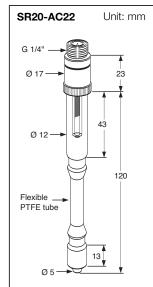
The SR20-AC22 electrode has a flexible PTFE tube. Therefore this electrode can be applied in processes with frequent temperature- and pressure fluctuations.

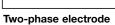
Features

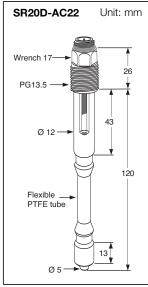
- Easy maintenance.
- No reference liquid wastage.
- Maximum process pressure: 1000 kPa (10 bar).
- High quality Ag/AgCl reference system (pin) which can stand high temperatures

Additional characteristics of types SR20(D)-AC22

- Temperature / pressure variation compensation.
- To be used in non-polluting fluids.
- Saturated KCI-solution (pellets).
- For low ionic applications and high temperatures.
- Temperature range: 0 to 120°C.
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) <5k Ω .







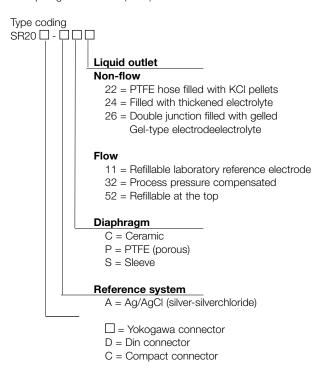
Two-phase electrode

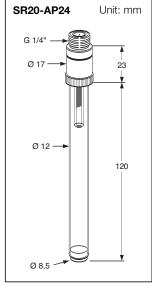
Additional characteristics of type SR20(D)-AP24

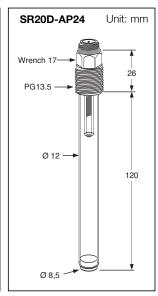
- General purpose PTFE diaphragm electrode.
- Large PTFE diaphragm.
- Thickned KCI-solution (1M).
- Temperature range: 0 to 80°C.
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) <5kΩ.

Additional characteristics of type SR20(D)-AP26

- When KCl is prohibited in the application.
- Double junction, thickened KNO₃ in buffer compartment.
- Large PTFE diaphragm against pollution.
- Thickned KCI-solution (1M).
- Temperature range: 0 to 80°C.
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) <5k Ω .

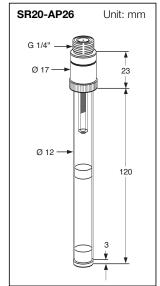


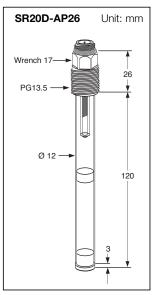




Gel-type electrode

Gel-type electrode





Double junction gel-type

Double junction gel-type

Specifications Single Reference Electrodes (non-flow)

Туре	Temperature	Reference	Reference	Diaphragm	Diaphragm
	range	liquid	system		resistance/25°C
SR20(D)-AC22	0 - 120°C	Saturated KCI-solution	Ag/AgCl (pin)	Ceramic	< 5 kOhm
		(pellets)	Silver-silverchloride		
SR20(D)-AP24*	0 - 80°C	Thickened KCl (1 m.)	Ag/AgCl (pin)	PTFE	< 5 kOhm
			Silver-silverchloride		
SR20(D)-AP26*	0 - 80°C	Thickened KCI (1 m.)	Ag/AgCl (pin)	PTFE	< 5 kOhm
		Thickened KNO ₃ (3 m.)	Silver-silverchloride		

^{*} In application where high process temperature occur together with very low (<2) or very high (>12) PH levels the lifetime is shortened.

Single Reference Electrodes (flow)

The refillable reference electrodes have a positive flow of electrolyte to prevent junction fouling or poisoning of the reference system. To prevent penetration of the process liquid into the electrode the pressure in the electrode must be higher than the process pressure. For that purpose the electrode should be connected to a KCI-reservoir (K1500FU) giving extra static pressure. The ceramic junction is suitable for most applications. In strong polluting processes a sleeve junction is preferable.

Features

- Liquid flow output preventing diaphragm fouling and poisoning the reference system.
- High quality Ag/AgCl reference system (pin) which can stand high temperatures and temperature fluctuations.
- Standard 1M KCl electrolyte, at temp. above 70°C thickened electrolyte is advised.

Additional characteristics of type SR20-AC11

- Long life laboratory reference electrode.
- Fast response time by design.
- Less suitable for polluted fluids.
- Temperature range: 0 to 100°C.
- Atmospheric pressure.

Additional characteristics of type SR20(D)-AC32

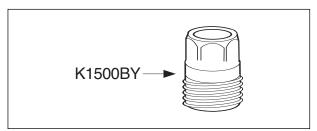
- Automatic compensation for process pressure variations.
- Chemical resistant Viton Bellow material.
- Constant flow of reference liquid, independent of the process pressure variations for minimal diffusion potential.
- Suitable for pure water applications and for polluting fluids.
- Refillable, large KCl reservoir.
- Maximum process pressure 1000 kPa (10 bar).
- Temperature range: 0 to 120°C.
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) < 10 k Ω .

Note:

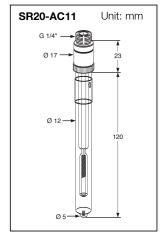
The flow is highly dependent on temperature. When using the electrode continuously at temperature over 70°C it is recommended to fill the electrode with a reference liquid having a higher viscosity, ordernrs. K1500GG (1M KCI) K1520VN (3.3M KCI).

Additional characteristics of type SR20(D)-AC52

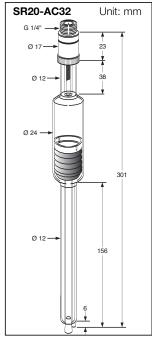
- For non-polluting, low ionic fluids.
- Maximum process pressure 100 kPa (atmospheric).
- Temperature range: 0 to 100°C.
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) < 10 kΩ.
- Flow rate at 25°C: 0.5 ml/day.

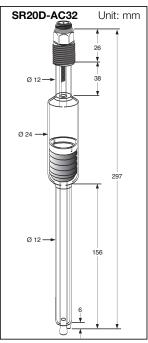


Note Mounting kit for types SC21-AGC52, SC21-ASC52, SR20-AC52 and SR20-AS52 (accessory). Part number K1500BY.



Refillable at the side





Bellomatic

Bellomatic

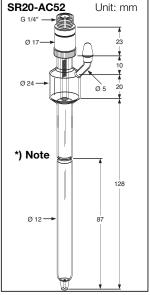
K1500BY

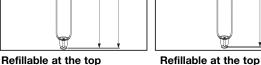
Ø 12 -

SR20D-AC52

Unit: mm

128





GS 12B6J1-E-E

Additional characteristics of type SR20(D)-AS52

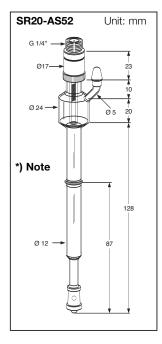
- Sleeve junction is suitable for pure water applications and very strong polluted liquids.
- Maximum process pressure 100 kPa (atmospheric).
- Temperature range: 0 to 100°C
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) < 10 k Ω .
- Flow Rate at 25°C: 5.0 ml/day at 10 kPa overpressure.

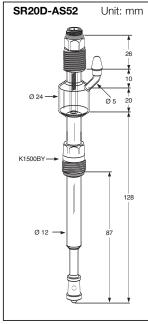
SPARE PARTS SR20

Part no.	Description
K1500BZ	O-rings Viton 11x3 (6Pcs)
K1500FZ	O-rings 10x4 5pcs SR20-AC52
K1500GE	O-ring sets (5x). SR20(D)C32/52

SPARE PARTS SR20D

Part no.	Description
K1500GF	1 Molal KCl sol. 250 ml
K1500GG	Thickened electrolyte 1M KCI (250 ml)
K1520VA	Electrolyte 3.3M KCI (250 ml)
K1520VN	Thickened electrolyte 3.3M KCI (250 ml)





Specifications Single Reference Electrodes (flow)

Туре	Temp.	Pressure	Reference	Reference	Diaphragm	Diaphragm	Flow at 25°C
	range	range	liquid	system		resistance/25°C	
SR20(D)-AC52	0 - 100°C	Atmospheric	KCI-solution	Ag/AgCl (pin)	Ceramic	< 10 kOhm	Max. 0.5 ml/day at
			(1 m.)	Silver-silverchloride			10 kPa overpressure
SR20(D)-AS52	0 - 100°C	Atmospheric	KCI-solution	Ag/AgCl (pin)	Sleeve	< 10 kOhm	Max. 5 ml/day at
			(1 m.)	Silver-silverchloride			10 kPa overpressure
SR20(D)-AC32	0 - 120°C	0 - 1 MPa	KCI-solution	Ag/AgCl (pin)	Ceramic	< 10 kOhm	Max. 0.2 ml/day*
			(1 m.)*	Silver-silverchloride			
SR20-AC11	0 - 100°C	Atm.	KCI-solution	Ag/AgCl (pin)	Ceramic	< 10 kOhm	Max. 0.2 ml/day*
			(1 m)*	Silver-silverchloride			

Mounting Kit, type FP20-S13(D)

This mounting kit is used whenever a refillable electrode with a large KCl reservoir is to be fitted in a flow or immersion fitting.

Specifications

Materials

Electrode mounting set : Ryton R4

Body : stainless steel (AISI 316) Screw piece : stainless steel (AISI 316)

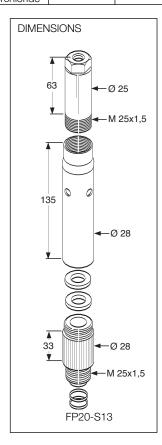
O-rings : silicone
Rings : silicone
Weight : approx. 120 g

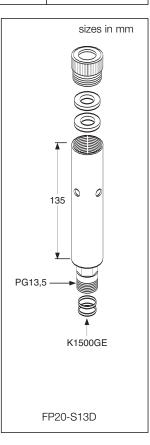
Electrodes to be used

Type nr.	Description
FP20-S13	Mounting kit for SR20-AC32
FP20-S13D	Mounting kit for SR20D-AC32
K1500HC	Rubber ring (10x)
K1500GE	O-rings (5x) for "BELLOMATIC" electrode

Ordering Instructions

Type nr.	Description
SR20-AC32	Reference electrode "BELLOMATIC"
SR20D-AC32	Reference electrode "BELLOMATIC", PG13,5





Electrolyte Reservoirs for F..20 fittings

The purpose of the electrolyte reservoir is dual. By mounting the electrolyte reservoir at a certain distance above the electrode, the pressure on the reference liquid in an electrode and hence, the liquid outlet of the electrode can be increased. The amount of electrolyte is increased, so less refilling is required. The reservoir can be connected to the electrode by a silicone tube. For fixing on top of an immersion fitting a screw thread 1/2" BSPP at the lower end of the reservoir is available.

Specifications

Material : PVC, PVC (transparent)

Temperature : max. 70°C
Tube connection : Ø 10
Screw thread : 1/2" BSPP

Ordering Instructions

Type no.	Description
K1500FU	Electrolyte reservoir (SR20-A.52 / SC21-A.C52)
	(includes 2.5 mtr. silicon tubing)
K1500GA	5 mtr silicon tubing (7x4mm od,id)
K1500GF	Electrolyte 1M KCI (250 ml)
K1500GG	Thickened electrolyte 1M KCI (250 ml)
K1520FJ	1/4 inch Nylon tubing (5 mtr)
K1520FK	1/4 inch Nylon tubing (10 mtr)
K1520JN	Mounting adapter PG13.5 - M25 (PVC-C)
K1500DV	Mounting adapter PG13.5 - M25 (PVDF)
K1520VA	Electrolyte 3.3M KCI (250 ml)
K1520VN	Thickened electrolyte 3.3M KCI (250 ml)

Salt Bridge - SB20

This reference electrode/salt bridge combination allows the measurement of pH or redox in those cases when:

- Excessive contamination of the reference diaphragm or poisoning of the reference system is expected.
 The flow of the reference liquid through the diaphragm is increased by pressuring the container. The distance to the reference system is increased. Consequently, the contamination rate will decrease.
- The process can not stand the contamination with KCl. The salt bridge can be filled with several electrolytes.
- Measurement have to be performed at processes up to 1000 kPa (10 bar) and temperatures up to 100°C. As the reference electrode is mounted in the container and therefere in more favourable conditions, the lifetime will be extended reasonably. The container with reference liquid can be pressurised.

FLOW TUBE (A)

Material : glass

Flow diaphragm : ceramic, PTFE or sleeve

Connector : Ryton R4

TUBING (B)

Material : nylon
Diameter : 1/4" o.d.
Length : 2 mtr.

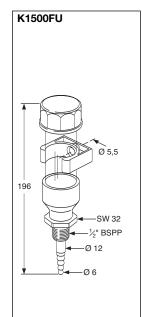
CONTAINER (C)

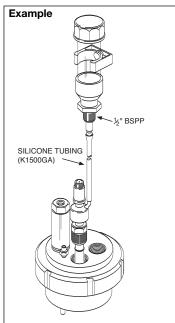
Container : PVC, PVC (transparent)

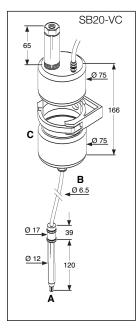
Electrode mounting set : Ryton R4
"O" ring : silicone
Connection : nylon
Weight : approx. 300 g.
Mounting : wall mounting

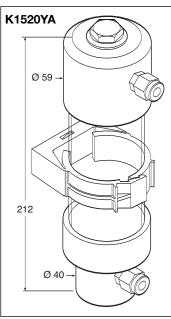
(support with hole for screw M5)

Temperature/pressure ratio : max. 200 kPa (2 bar) at 100°C The normal standard reference electrodes can be mounted in the container. This reference electrodes can be ordered separately. For standard applications the SR20-AP24 is most suitable.









SPARE PARTS SB20

Part no.	Description
K1500BW	Flow tube for SB20-VC
K1500DW	Set of 12 cable nuts for WU20
K1500DX	5 m tubing for SB20
K1500EE	Flow tube for SB20-VP
K1500EF	Flow tube for SB20-VS
K1500GR	O-rings silicon 11x3 8pcs
K1500HD	O-rings silicon 11x3 50pcs

Ordering Instruction

	Ceramic Junction
SB20-VP	Porous PTFE Junction
SB20-VS	Glass Sleeve Junction

Combined pH Electrodes (non-flow)

The non-flow type has a polymer gel electrolyte and a PTFE junction resulting in low maintenance. The electrodes with the dome membrane are particularly suited for applications where mechanical strength and chemical stability are important, where deposits are heavy and frequent cleaning is required. All double junction electrodes provide a longtime stability and a prolonged lifetime.

As a general rule:

In application where high process temperature occur together with very low (<2) or very high (>12) PH levels the lifetime is shortened.

Additional characteristics of type SC21(D)-ASP23

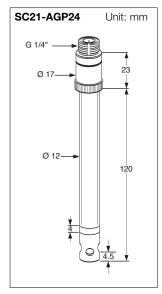
- Noryl body (30% glass filled).
- Suitable for low temperatures.
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 10 pH, 0 to 80°C.
- Maximum process pressure 500 kPa.
- Glass Resistance (25°C): 40 to 100 M Ω .
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) < 5 kΩ.
- Ag/AgCl wire reference system.
- Less maintenance by the combination of gelled electrolyte and porous PTFE.
- KCl electrolyte (1M)

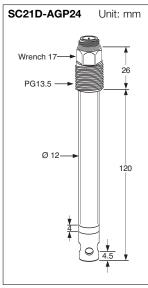
Additional characteristics of types SC21(D)-AGP24

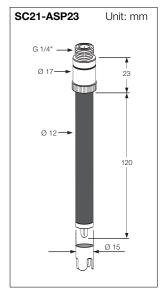
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14, 0 to 80°C.
- Maximum process pressure 500 kPa.
- Glass Resistance (25°C): 50 to 100 MΩ.
- Ag/AgCl wire reference system.
- pH bulb with cage protection
- (no breakage when placed in a beaker).
- Less maintenance due to the gelled electrolyte and porous PTFE.
- Thickened electrolyte (1M).

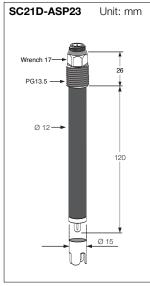
Additional characteristics of type SC21(D)-AAP26

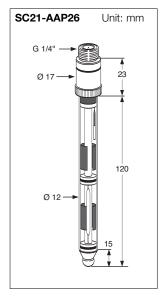
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14 pH, 0 to 110°C.
- Maximum process pressure 500 kPa.
- Glass Resistance (25°C): 250 to 400 MΩ.
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) $< 5 \text{ k}\Omega$.
- High quality Ag/AgCl reference system (pin) which can stand high temperatures and temperature fluctuations.
- Built-in salt bridge (KNO₃) to prevent poisoning of the reference system and to prevent contamination with KCl to processes that cannot stand this.
- A large area PTFE junction to resist fouling to a high degree.
- Chemical resistant, steam-sterillisable pH-glass.

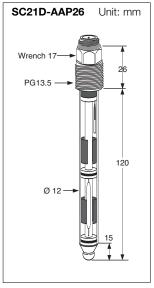












Additional characteristics of type SC21(D)-ALP26

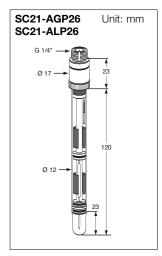
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14 pH, 10 to 120°C.
- Maximum process pressure 500 kPa.
- Glass Resistance (25°C): 500 to 900 M Ω .
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) $< 5 \text{ k}\Omega$.
- High quality Ag/AgCl reference system (pin) which can stand high temperatures and temperature fluctuations.
- Double junction (thickened saturated KCl-solution). Built-in salt bridge prevents poisoning of the reference system.
- Heavy duty glass membrane for prolonged operation in corrosive, abrasive and fouling environments (withstanding traces of HF).
- Large area PTFE junction to resist fouling.
- Chemical resistant, steam-sterillisable pH-glass.

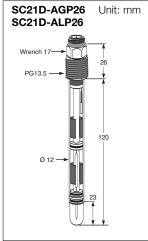
Additional characteristics of type SC21(D)-AGP26

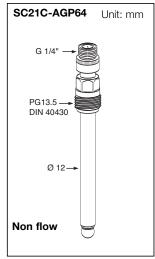
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14 pH, -10 to 100°C.
- Maximum process pressure 500 kPa.
- Glass Resistance (25°C): 120 to 200 M Ω .
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) $< 5 \text{ k}\Omega$.
- High quality Ag/AgCl reference system (pin) which can stand high temperatures and temperature fluctuations.
- Double junction (thickened saturated KCI-solution). The built-in salt bridge prevents poisoning of the reference system.
- Heavy duty glass membrane for prolonged operation in corrosive, abrasive and fouling environments (withstanding traces of HF).
- A large area PTFE junction to resist fouling.

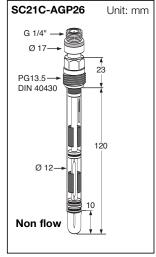
Type coding Liquid outlet 2 = Non-flow23 = Noryl housing and gelled electrolyte 24 = Filled with gelled electrolyte 26 = Double junction filled with gelled electrolyte Diaphragm C = Ceramic P = PTFE (teflon) Membrane S = Low ohmic G = Universal L = high temperature Reference system A = Ag/AgCl (silver-silverchloride) Connector type = Yokogawa connector D = Din connector

C = Compact connector









Additional Features

Additional characteristics of types SC21C-AGP64

- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14, 0 to 80°C
- Maximum process pressure 500 kPa
- Glass Resistance (25°C): 50 to 100 M Ω
- Ag/AgCl wire reference system
- Less maintenance by the combination of gelled electrolyte and porous PTFE.
- 1 M KCl electrolyte

Specifications Combined pH Electrodes (non-flow)

Туре	Membrane	Resistance	pH-range	Temperature	Pressure	Reference	Reference	Diaphragm	Flow
		in MOhm/25°C		range	range	liquid	system		
SC21(D)-AGP24	Universal	50 - 100mΩ	0 - 14	0 - 80°C	1-500kPa	Thickened	Ag/AgCl (wire)	Porous PTFE	0
	pH-glass bulb					KCI (1 m.)	Silver-silverchloride		
SC21(D)-ASP23	Low ohmic	40 - 100mΩ	0 - 10	0 - 80°C	1-500kPa	1m KCl	Ag/AgCl (wire)	Porous PTFE	0
	pH-glass bulb						Silver-silverchloride		
SC21(D)-AAP26	Chem. res.	250 - 400mΩ	0 - 14	0 - 110°C	1-500kPa	Oversatured	Ag/AgCl (wire)	Porous PTFE	0
	pH-glass bulb					KCI thickened	Silver-silverchloride		
	steam-sterrilli-								
	sable 3/4 bulb								
SC21(D)-ALP26	Universal	500 - 900m $Ω$	0 - 14	10 - 120°C	1-500kPa	Oversatured	Ag/AgCl (wire)	Porous PTFE	0
	pH-glass bulb					KCI thickened	Silver-silverchloride		
SC21(D)-AGP26	Chem. res.	120 - 200mΩ	0 - 14	-10 - 100°C	1-500kPa	Oversatured	Ag/AgCl (wire)	Porous PTFE	0
	pH-glass dome					KCI thickened	Silver-silverchloride		
SC21(C)-AGP64	Universal	50 - 100mΩ	0 - 14	0 - 80°C	1-500kPa	1m KCl	Ag/AgCl (wire)	Porous PTFE	0
	pH-glass bulb					Thickened	Silver-silverchloride		

Combined pH Electrodes (Flow)

These flowing electrolyte sensors use a ceramic reference junction, with the electrolyte (1molar KCI) and are suitable for light (laboratory included) applications. The SC21-AGC52, ASC52 can be connected to an electrolyte reservoir to give it the static overpressure (gravity) to suit the application. The flow of electrolyte through the junction, while small, remains the safest way to prevent clogging and to protect the internal reference against poisoning and diffusion. The SC21-AGC13 with its narrow shaft is particulary usefull for test tube measurements

Additional characteristics of type SC21-AGC11

- Refillable combined laboratory electrode.
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14 pH, 0 to 80°C.
- Atmospheric pressure.
- Glass Resistance (25°C): 50 to 100 MΩ.
- Ag/AgCl wire reference system.

Additional characteristics of type SC21-AGC13

- Narrow shaft for test tube measurements.
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14 pH, 0 to 80°C.
- Atmospheric pressure.
- Glass Resistance (25°C): 50 to 100 M Ω .
- Ag/AgCl wire reference system.

Additional characteristics of type SC21(D)-AGC52

- Combined pH electrode for light applications.
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14 pH, 0 to 80°C.
- Atmospheric pressure (static overpressure).
- Glass Resistance (25°C): 50 to 100 M Ω .
- Ag/AgCl wire reference system.
- Flow Rate at 25°C: 0.15 ml/day at 10kPa overpressure (electrolyte reservoir at a height of 1 mtr).

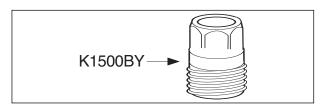
Note for the SC21(D)-AGC52:

- For mounting the electrode in one of the Yokogawa fittings, mounting kit K1500BY is required.
- The electrolyte flow reservoir can be ordered under number K1500FU.

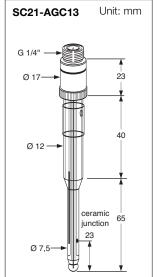
Note: For more severe industrial applications we recommend the *SC21C-AGC55* electrode as this electrode is more able to withstand these conditions (see page 12).

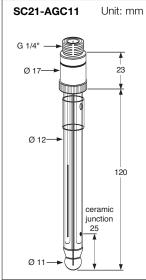
*) Note: Mounting kit for types SC21 -AGC52, SC21 -ASC52, SR20-AC52 and SR20-AS52 (accessory).

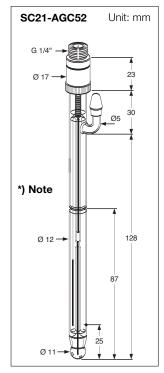
Part number K1500BY.

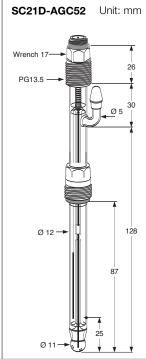


Specifications Combined pH Electrodes (Flow)









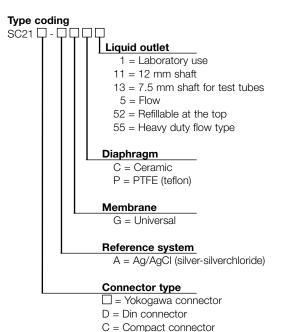
SPARE PARTS SC21

Part no.	Description
K1500BZ	O-rings Viton 11x3 (6Pcs)
K1500GF	1 Molal KCl sol. 250 ml
K1520JN	Adapter M25x1.5 - PG13.5
K1520VA	3.3 Molal KCL solution

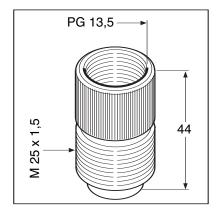
Туре	Membrane	Resistance	pH-	Temperature	Pressure	Reference	Reference	Diaphragm	Flow
		in MOhm/25°C	range	range	liquid	system			
SC21-AGC11	Universal	50 - 100mΩ	0 - 14	0 - 80°C	atm.	1M KCI	Ag/AgCl pin	Ceramic	0
	pH-glass bulb								
SC21-AGC13	Universal	50 - 100mΩ	0 - 14	0 - 80°C	atm.	1M KCI	Ag/AgCl pin	Ceramic	0
	pH-glass bulb								
SC21(D)-AGC52	Universal	50 - 100mΩ	0 - 14	0 - 80°C	atm.	1M KCI	Ag/AgCl wire	Ceramic	0
	pH-glass bulb								
SC21(C)-AGC55	Universal	120 - 200mΩ	0 - 14	0 - 100°C	1-500kPa (only	3.3M. KCI	Ag/AgCl pin	Ceramic	max. 3 ml per
	pH-glass dome				with pressure				day at 10kPa
	(heavy duty)				reservoir)				overpressure

Additional features for types SC21C-AGC55

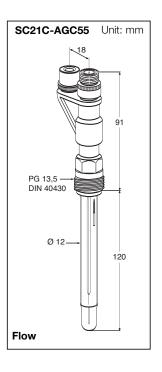
- pH, temperature range: 0 to 14, 0 to 100°C
- Maximum process pressure 500 kPa
- For tough application where pollution of the reference system is to be expected
- Low ionic application where the possitive flow of electrolyte provides the conductivity needed to measure pH
- Heavy duty pH sensitive glass.
- Flowing reference system for pollution resistance, and highly stable reference potential.
- PG13.5 standard DIN electrode connection.
- Adapter to ensure compatibility with full fitting program.
- Use in combination with the presurisable electrolyte reservoir to obtain a positive flow towards the process (K1500YA)



For compatibility with the Yokogawa "Compact" range of electrode holders, the SC21C-AGC55 combined sensor, has a PG13.5 DIN connector. This also makes the sensor suitable for mounting in a wide range of industry standard equipment. The SC21C-AGC55 is supplied with a PG13.5 to M25 adapter (K1520JN) that makes the sensor compatible with the full Yokogawa fitting program. For temperatures higher than 85°C we recommend to use the PVDF version.



K1520JN (PVC-C), K1500DV (PVDF)



Redox Electrodes

Redox measurements are a potentiometrical measurement of the oxidizing/reducing power of a liquid. To be able to measure this equilibrium of reversible redox reactions the electrodes used should be inert. Noble electrodes such as Platinum (Pt) and Gold (Au) are widely used for this purpose and seem to approximate the behaviour of an ideal inert electrode. Platinum is used most widely, has excellent chemical resistance but suffers slightly from chemosorption of Oxygen, which slows down its response. Gold has good properties in strongly oxidizing solutions not containing Chloride or Bromide. Gold is not resistant to Cyanide. Silver is used only for Silver analysis and as reference sensor without junction. Silver has limited chemical resistance.

- Temperature 0 to 130°C
- Maximum process pressure 1000 kPa

The potential of reference electrodes is depending on their composition. A table with the actual values for each system is given next. All values refer to 25°C.

The reference system is also indicated on the textplate of the electrode.

System	Fill solution	Value against Standard Hydrogen Electrode			
Ag/AgCl	1M KCI	233 mV			
Ag/AgCl	sat. KCI	196 mV			

Combined Redox Electrodes

For redox measurement Yokogawa offers non-flow general purpose electrodes and a heavy duty flow electrode.

All electrodes are equiped with a solid platinum cup to provide long lifetime, even in processes that harm the platinum electrodes such as hypochloride.

Redox/Reference

Additional features for type SC29C-PTP29

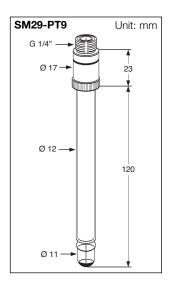
- General purpose redox measurements
- Temperature range: -10 to 100°C
- Maximum process pressure 500 kPa
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) < 5 k Ω
- High quality Ag/AgCl reference system (pin) which can stand high temperatures and temperature fluctuations
- Double junction, thickened saturated KCI-solution, thickened saturated KCI. Built-in salt bridge prevents poisoning of the reference.
- Heavy duty platinum cup for long operation in corrosive, abrasive and fouling environments.
- Large area PTFE junction to resist fouling.

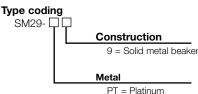
Redox/pH

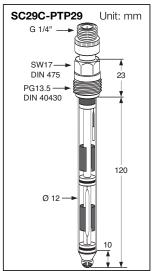
This combined electrode can be used in processes with a constant pH value or for processes where the Redox potential is dependent on the pH in order to achieve a pH compensated Redox potential. In such a case a pH/Redox converter with a high input is required. All pH/Redox converters of Yokogawa have such an input.

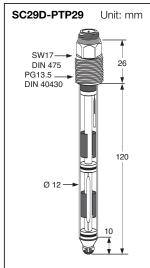
Additional Haracteristics of type SC29-PTG29

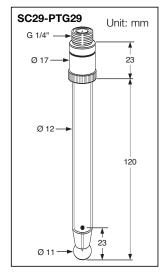
- Temperature range: 0 to 100°C.
- Maximum process pressure 1000 kPa
- Bulb shaped glass membrane.
- Ag/AgCl wire reference system
- Glass Resistance (25°C): 50 to 100 M Ω
- Solid platinum cup





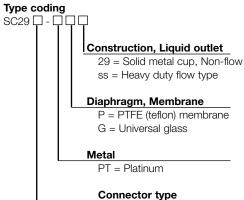






Additional features for types SC29C-PTC55

- Heavy duty pH sensitive glass.
- Flowing reference system for pollution resistance, and highly stable reference potential.
- PG13.5 standard DIN electrode connection.
- Adapter to ensure compatibility with full fitting program.
- Temperature range: -10 to 100°C.
- Maximum process pressure 500 kPa.
- High quality Ag/AgCL reference system (pin) which can stand hegh temperatures and temperature fluctuations.



= Yokogawa connector

D = Din connector

C = Compact connector

Specifications Temperature Sensor

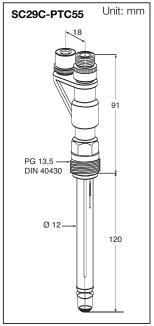
Туре	Temperature	Pressure	Temperature	
	sensor	range	range	
SM60-PT100	PT100	0 - 1 MPa	-20 - 150°C	
SM60-PT1000	PT1000	0 - 1 MPa	-20 - 150°C	

Pt100

Pt1000

-25 90,1 -20 92,1 -15 94,1 -10 96,0 -5 98,0	3 0 0 7 04 .00	-25 -20 -15 -10 -5 0	901,5 921,3 941,0 960,7 980,4
-15 94,1 -10 96,0 -5 98,0	0 07 04 ,00	-15 -10 -5	941,0 960,7 980,4
-10 96,0 -5 98,0)7)4 ,00	-10 -5	960,7 980,4
-5 98,0)4 ,00	-5	980,4
	,00	· .	,
100		0	40000
0 100	.95	1 7	1000,0
5 101	,	5	1019,5
10 103	,90	10	1039,0
15 105	,85	15	1058,5
20 107	,80	20	1078,0
25 109	,74	25	1097,4
30 111	,68	30	1116,8
35 113	,61	35	1136,1
40 115	,54	40	1155,4
45 117	,47	45	1174,7
50 119	,40	50	1194,0
55 121	,32	55	1213,2
60 123	,24	60	1232,4
65 125	,26	65	1252,6
70 127	,08	70	1270,8
75 129	,00	75	1290,0
80 130	,91	80	1309,1
85 132	,81	85	1328,1
90 134	,70	90	1347,0
95 136	,60	95	1366,0
100 138	,50	100	1385,0
105 140	,40	105	1404,0
110 142	,29	110	1422,9
115 144	,18	115	1441,8
120 146	,07	120	1460,7

GS 12B6J1-E-E



flow

Specifications Redox Electrodes

Туре	Temperature	Process	Metal
	range	pressure	surface
SM29-PT9	0 - 130°C	max. 1000 kPa	Platinum
SC29C(D)-PTP29	-10 - 100°C	max. 500 kPa	Platinum
SC29-PTG29	0 - 100°C	max. 1000 kPa	Platinum
SC29C-PTC55	-10 - 100°C	max. 500 kPa	Platinum

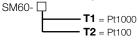
Temperature Sensor

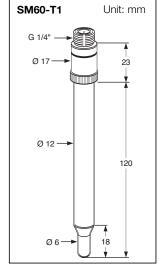
For accurate pH measurement temperature compensation is required. Either a Pt100 or a Pt 1000 temperature electrode can be selected.

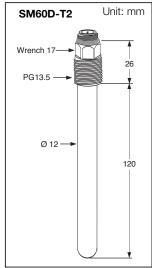
Features

Temperature sensor: resistance thermometer Pt100 or Pt1000.

- Max. process pressure: 1000 kPa.
- Max. process temperature: approx. 150°C.
- Short response using heat transfer compound.







Cables for Industrial Applications, type WU20(D)

When you need optimal pH or Redox measuring results, the complete measuring loop not only requires highly qualified sensors and transmitters but also the special purpose sensor cables.

The program of Yokogawa includes a range of high quality, low-noise cables for accurate transmission of low voltage signals even in areas where interference is present. They have a shield with an internal anti-noise sheath and can be connected to all pH and ORP (Redox) electrodes fitted with an O-connector.

At the electrode end the cables are provided with a socket having spring gilded contacts for secure connection to the sensor.

The combination electrode plug and cable socket is watertight and temperature resistant up to 125°C. It meets the requirements of IP 65.

Features

- Internal anti-noise sheath for accurate measurement.
- Gold plated spring O-connectors parts, for good electrical contact under the most severe conditions.
- Coaxial plug and socket with watertight sealing that meets the requirements of IP 65.
- Cables for industrial applications and for laboratory use are available.

Coax Cables

These cables are for connecting to **single or combined** sensors fitted with an O-plug. For use at higher temperature specifications (up to 110°C continuously or 125°C for short times) and the most severe conditions.

Triax Cables

These cables are for connecting to **combined** sensors fitted with an O-plug or to **single** sensors with an O-plug for use in areas where eletrical interference is present. They have both inner, and outer shielding. In areas where electrical interference is likely we recommend to use the Triax electrode cable type WU20(D)-LT. marked with a blue strip.

Notes:

- For industrial applications the cables can be colour coded with the following marks:
 - Measuring electrode : red
 Reference electrode : yellow
 Temperature electrode : green
 Combined electrode : blue

Adhesive markers are provided for this purpose and should be fitted to both ends of the cables.

- To secure optimal conditions, the cables may not be damaged or shortened. For protection of the cables there are special hoses available of 5 or 10 mtr. (K1500CJ, K1500CK respectivily)
- 3. Suitable for use in intrinsically safe areas.

Specifications

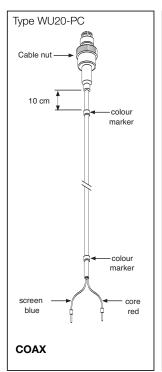
Bending radius : min. 50 mm

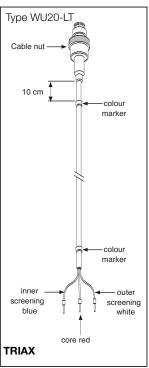
Max. temperature

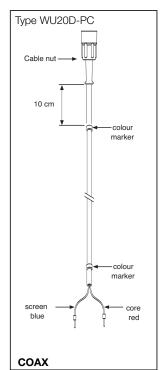
- type WU20(D)-PC : 110°C (continuously) 125°C (for short times)

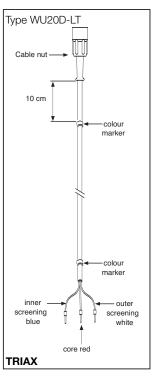
- type WU20(D)-LT : 70°C (continuously)

Wire connections : 2 mm contact pins









Model	Suffix code	Description
WU20(D)		Electrode cable
Type	-PC	COAX
	_LT	TRIAX
Length in m	01	1 mtr
	02	2 mtr
	05	51/ ₂ mtr
	10	10 mtr
	15	15 mtr
	20	20 mtr
	25	25 mtr

Cables for use in laboratories

For adaption to the various pH instruments being used in laboratories, Yokogawa introduces the extra flexible COAX-cables for connecting all sensors types fitted with an O-plug to these instruments.

Dependent on the application the cables are for use with an instrument fitted with either a plug to DIN 19262 (type D), a 4 mm plug (type G) or a plug B, C, K or L (see fig.).

SPECIFICATIONS

Cable length : 1 m Max. temperature : 70°C

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

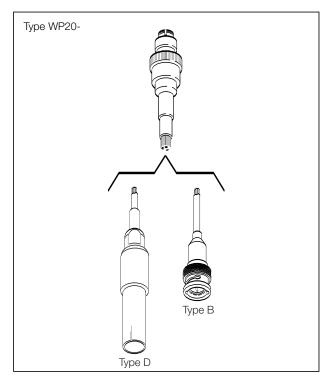
Type WP20-D : for use with single or combined

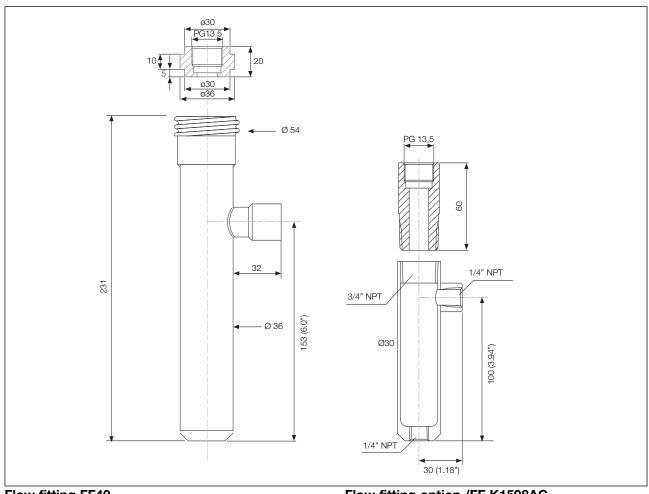
electrode

connector: plug to DIN 19262
Type WP20-B : for use with a single or combined

electrode connector: BNC

When ordering, specify Model and Basic codes.





Flow fitting FF40 with K1523JA: Adapter to fit sensors with a PG13,5 process connection in FF40/FS40 and FD40 fittings. Material: Polypropylene

Flow fitting option /FF K1598AC (incl. 3.1 B certificate) with Adapter K1598AB to fit sensors with PG13,5 process connection

Junction box, type BA10

Between measuring plant and control room, especially when the distance between these places is greater than the length of the standard appropriate electrode cables, the connecting equipment can be an expedient method for connecting sensor cables to a measuring instrument. The equipment includes:

- 1. A junction box.
- 2. Special purpose connecting cable WF10.

Note:

The special purpose cable, type WF10 should be used to interconnect the junction box and the measuring instrument. To have optimum measuring results the length of this cable may be max. 100 mtr.

Specifications

Material : Cast aluminium case with chemically

resistant lacquer

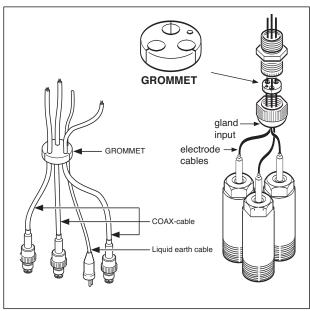
Rain-,dust protection : Meets IP65
Terminals : Wires up to 6 mm²

Cable entries : 2 holes for 1/2" NPT connection

Terminal block : 8 terminals Weight : Ca. 2 kg.

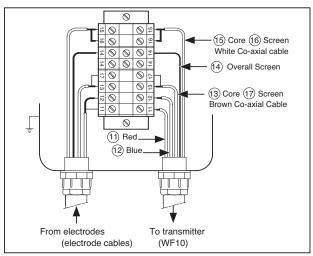
Ordering Instructions

As delivered, the box includes the junction box with 2 cable glands 1/2" NPT and a grommet to ensure a watertight cable input (3 electrode cables and the liquid earth cable).

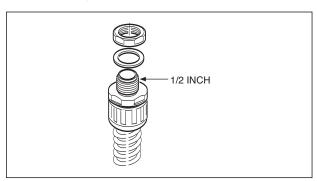


Grommet (K1500BX)

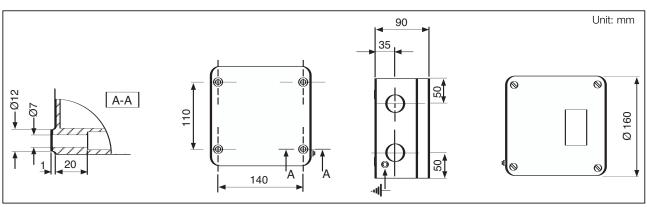




Connection diagram



Hose connection of K1500CK, K1500CJ



Dimensions/Fixing

Extention cable, type WF10

This cable satisfies the high requirements of insulating resistance and shielding. It suits the application of signal transmission representing low voltage and high impedance level. The cable is used to interconnect a junction box (BA10) and the measuring instrument.

Note: Long cable lengths add resistance and capacitance to the measuring loop. These values are specified below. The maximum values for cable length, cable capacity that are specified in the instruction manual of the analyzer may not be exceeded. The resistance may introduce a measuring error, especially when using a 100 Ohm RTD. Normally the analyzer can be calibrated for this error.

Specifications

Max. temperature : 110°C

Material : Thermoplastic rubber (T.P.R.)

Bending radius

- Permanent : > 83 mm - Frequently : > 125 mm Diameter : 8.5 mm Colour : Black

Cable A/B

Capacitance between

core and screen : max. 120 pF/m

Insulation between

core and screen : min. 15 x 1014 Ohm. /km

Resistance : ca. 80 Ohm/km
Dielectric : T.P. Rubber
Jacket A : Brown
Jacket B : White

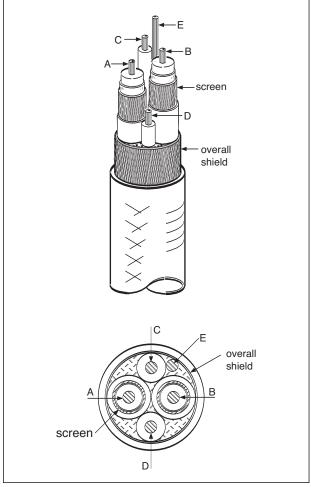
Cable C/D

Resistance : ca. 35 Ohm/km

Jacket C : Thermoplastic rubber (Red)
Jacket D : Thermoplastic rubber (Blue)

Cable E : Overall shield

Model	Suffix code	Description
WF10		Connecting cable
Cable length -		length in mtr. between 1 and 200
	-F	Finisched
	I-N	Not Finished



WF10

Spareparts and accessories

Part nr.	Description
K1500CJ	Protection hose with two 1/2" NPT glands (5 mtr.)
K1500CK	Protection hose with two 1/2" NPT glands (10 mtr.)
K1500BX	Grommet for watertight cable input in 1/2" NPT
K1500DN	/PH03 protection hose (3 mtr.)
K1500DP	/PH05 protection hose (5 mtr.)
K1500DQ	/PH10 protection hose (10 mtr.)
K1500DR	/PH15 protection hose (15 mtr.)
K1500DS	/PH20 protection hose (20 mtr.)

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